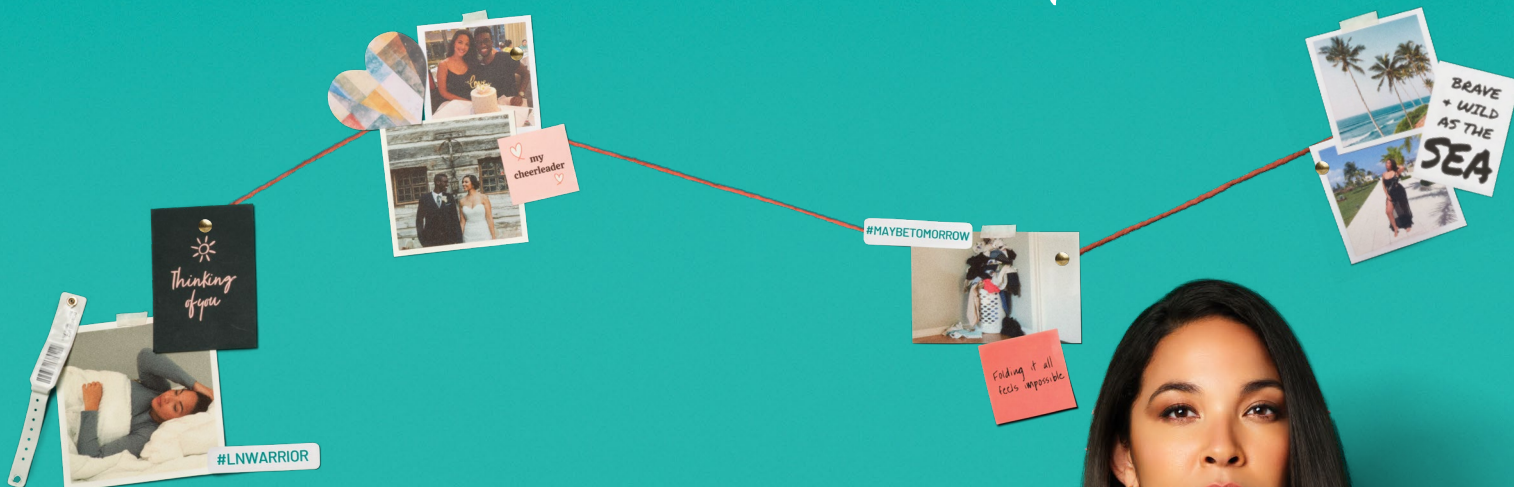


My life with lupus nephritis is *unpredictable*



What is lupus nephritis?

- An inflammation of the kidneys caused by lupus that causes irreversible kidney damage
- A complication that about 1 in 2 people living with lupus may go on to develop
- An attack on the kidneys that if left untreated can lead to kidney failure, which may require dialysis or a kidney transplant

Routine urine testing by a doctor is critical to detecting symptoms (like protein in the urine) early and to monitor disease progression.



The goal of treatment is to stop lupus nephritis' attack on the kidneys and help protect them from further permanent damage.



Actor portrayal

WHAT IS LUPKYNIS® (voclosporin)?

LUPKYNIS is a prescription medicine used with other medicines to treat adults with active lupus nephritis. LUPKYNIS should not be taken with a medicine called cyclophosphamide. Talk with your healthcare provider if you are not sure if you take this medicine.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

LUPKYNIS can cause serious side effects, including:

- **Increased risk of cancer.** People who take LUPKYNIS have an increased risk of getting some kinds of cancer, including skin and lymph gland cancer (lymphoma). Limit and avoid exposure to sunlight and UV light such as tanning machines. Wear protective clothing and use a sunscreen.

Important Safety Information continues

LUPKYNIS helps bring out the *fight in me*

LUPKYNIS® (voclosporin) is the first FDA-approved oral treatment for lupus nephritis clinically shown to help stop the attack of the disease and protect the kidneys from further damage. **In clinical trials**, LUPKYNIS^a was shown to:



Help control lupus nephritis

For people taking LUPKYNIS, the chance of getting their lupus nephritis under control^b after one year of treatment was almost **3x greater^c** than for people only taking mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) and steroids.



Lower the dose of steroids needed

LUPKYNIS helped to stop the attack of lupus nephritis without high-dose steroids.



Reduce protein in urine

People taking LUPKYNIS saw a **50% reduction** of protein in the urine (called proteinuria, a key sign of disease activity), on average after just one month.



Feel informed about your treatment

- It's an oral medication, taken 2x a day^d
- Dosage schedule stays the same throughout treatment^d
- Studied across people of different races and ethnicities

Learn more at [LUPKYNIS.com](https://www.lupkynis.com)

^aAs part of a treatment plan that included MMF and steroids.

^bControl was defined as reducing protein in the urine to ≤ 0.5 mg/mg, while helping maintain kidney function.

^cThe odds ratio was 2.7. The odds ratio was determined by comparing the likelihood that someone taking LUPKYNIS along with MMF and steroids would get their lupus nephritis under

control after 1 year of treatment to the likelihood for someone only taking MMF and steroids.

^dYour doctor will determine the right dosage for you and will monitor you throughout treatment to see if your dose needs to change. Always take LUPKYNIS as directed by your doctor.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

• **Increased risk of infection.** LUPKYNIS is a medicine that affects your immune system. LUPKYNIS can lower the ability of your immune system to fight infections. Serious infections can happen in people taking LUPKYNIS that can lead to hospitalizations and can cause death. **Call your healthcare provider right away** if you have symptoms of an infection such as fever, sweats or chills, cough or flu-like symptoms, muscle aches, or warm, red, or painful areas on your skin.

Do not take LUPKYNIS with medicines known as strong CYP3A4 inhibitors such as ketoconazole, itraconazole, and clarithromycin, or if you are allergic to any of the ingredients in LUPKYNIS. You should not eat grapefruit or drink grapefruit juice while taking LUPKYNIS.

Before you use LUPKYNIS, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- Plan to receive any vaccines. You should not receive any

live vaccines during treatment with LUPKYNIS. Other vaccines may not work as well during treatment with LUPKYNIS.

- Have or have had liver, kidney, or heart problems.
- Have high blood pressure.
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed when taking LUPKYNIS. When taking LUPKYNIS in combination with mycophenolate mofetil, read the Medication Guide for mycophenolate mofetil for important pregnancy information. These medicines can harm your unborn or breastfed baby.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. LUPKYNIS may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how LUPKYNIS works.

Important Safety Information continues

With *personalized support* you'll never fight alone

Aurinia Alliance® is a personalized support program from Aurinia, the makers of LUPKYNIS, created to stand alongside you throughout your treatment journey. The program is designed to:

- Help you better understand lupus nephritis
- Assist you in navigating insurance, funding options, and LUPKYNIS costs
- Support you to stay on track with LUPKYNIS

Learn more at AuriniaAlliance.com or call **1-833-AURINIA** (1-833-287-4642)



Once you enroll, you'll be connected with a dedicated Nurse Case Manager, who will be your direct contact throughout your LUPKYNIS treatment journey.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is LUPKYNIS® (voclosporin)

LUPKYNIS is the first FDA-approved oral medication specifically for adults with active lupus nephritis.

How is LUPKYNIS taken?

LUPKYNIS is taken by mouth twice a day. Always take the recommended dose that is prescribed to you by your doctor.

How does LUPKYNIS work?

LUPKYNIS works to calm your immune system, which is causing your body to attack the cells of your kidneys. It helps reduce inflammation and protect specific cells of the kidneys to keep them functioning.

Was LUPKYNIS studied in diverse populations?

LUPKYNIS was tested in clinical studies that involved more than 350 people across different races and ethnicities.

Talk to your doctor about LUPKYNIS

LUPKYNIS.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (*continued*)

LUPKYNIS may cause serious side effects, including:

Kidney problems. Kidney problems are common side effects of LUPKYNIS and may be serious. Your healthcare provider may do certain tests to check your kidney function while you take LUPKYNIS.

High blood pressure. High blood pressure is a common side effect of LUPKYNIS and may be serious. Your healthcare provider will monitor your blood pressure while you take LUPKYNIS and may ask you to check your blood pressure at home.

Nervous system problems. Nervous system problems are a common side effect of LUPKYNIS and may be serious. Call your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away if you have any of these symptoms while taking LUPKYNIS:

- confusion
- changes in alertness
- muscle tremors
- numbness and tingling
- headache
- seizures
- vision changes

High levels of potassium in your blood. Your healthcare provider may do certain tests to check your potassium levels while you take LUPKYNIS.

A serious heart rhythm problem (QT prolongation).

Severe low red blood cell count (anemia). Your healthcare provider may check your labs while using LUPKYNIS.

The most common side effects of LUPKYNIS are diarrhea, headache, cough, urinary tract infection, stomach pain, heartburn, and loss of hair (alopecia).

These are not all the possible side effects of LUPKYNIS. For more information, ask your healthcare provider. You may report side effects to FDA at **1-800-FDA-1088**. You may also report side effects to www.fda.gov/medwatch.

Please see Prescribing Information, including Boxed Warning, and Medication Guide.

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